



Montana Comprehensive Assessment System

Mathematics

Grade level learning expectations for Grades 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 and Upon Graduation

Prepared by the Office of Public Instruction * Linda McCulloch, Superintendent * 2003

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Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 10	Upon Graduation
<u>Advanced</u> a) demonstrates emerging self-motivation and independence as a learner; b) accurately selects among several problem-solving strategies and uses them effectively; c) clearly and effectively communicates solutions to problems; d) uses whole numbers to add, subtract, and estimate accurately and fluently;	<u>Advanced</u> a) demonstrates self-motivation and emerging independence as a learner; b) accurately selects and uses problem solving strategies; c) presents well-organized solutions and communicates in ways that exceed requirements; d) uses whole numbers accurately and fluently to estimate, compute, and determine whether results are accurate and reasonable;	<u>Advanced</u> a) demonstrates self-motivation and increasing independence as a learner; b) accurately selects and effectively uses appropriate problem-solving strategies c) presents well-organized solutions and communicates in ways that exceed requirements; d) uses all four operations on whole numbers, as well as addition and subtraction of decimals, accurately and fluently to estimate, compute, and determine whether results are accurate and reasonable;	<u>Advanced</u> a) demonstrates self-motivation and increasing independence as a learner; b) accurately selects and effectively uses appropriate strategies in a variety of problems; c) clearly and effectively communicates organized solutions as well as multiple approaches to problems; d) uses all four operations on whole numbers, decimals, and fractions accurately and fluently to estimate, compute, and determine whether results are accurate and reasonable;	<u>Advanced</u> a) demonstrates self-motivation and independence as a learner; b) accurately and effectively applies appropriate strategies in problem-solving and new situations; c) effectively defends the correctness of solutions to problems including presentation of multiple approaches; d) applies rational numbers, proportions, and percents accurately and fluently to solve real and mathematical problems;	<u>Advanced</u> a) demonstrates self-motivation and independence as a learner; b) is accurate and fluent when applying mathematical processes; and technologies to solve a variety of problems; c) effectively uses multiple strategies, extends concepts to new situations; and communicates results; d) explores hypothetical questions, articulates valid arguments and applies and extends rational numbers and proportionality;	<u>Advanced</u> a) demonstrates self-motivation, independent as a learner, and extends and connects ideas; b) is accurate, fluent and articulate when applying mathematical processes and technologies to solve a variety of problems; c) effectively uses multiple strategies, extends concepts to new situations, formulates logical arguments and communicates results; d) explores hypothetical questions, articulates valid arguments, and constructs proofs;	<u>Advanced</u> a) demonstrates self-motivation, independent as a learner, and extends and connects ideas; b) is accurate, articulate, and effective when applying mathematical processes, and appropriate technologies to solve real and theoretical problems; c) effectively uses multiple strategies, extends concepts to new situations, skillfully communicates the results; d) explores hypothetical questions, uses complex reasoning to articulate valid arguments, and constructs proofs;

<p>e) writes number sentences to represent simple real addition or subtraction situations and solves the number sentences;</p> <p>f) identifies and clearly describes relationships among types of two- and three-dimensional shapes;</p> <p>g) selects and accurately uses appropriate tools for measurement;</p> <p>h) makes accurate predictions and inferences based on data; and</p> <p>i) analyzes a variety of patterns, accurately identifies next terms in the patterns, and clearly describes their rules.</p>	<p>e) effectively applies basic algebraic concepts and clearly communicates representations in a variety of ways;</p> <p>f) examines relationships of shapes in the physical world and makes generalizations;</p> <p>g) selects and accurately uses appropriate tools for measurement;</p> <p>h) accurately predicts and makes reasonable decisions based on data; and</p> <p>i) articulately and fluently communicates representations, analyzes patterns, and clearly describes relationships, and applies them to varied situations.</p>	<p>e) effectively applies basic algebraic concepts and represents relationships in various ways including expressions/equations, charts, and tables;</p> <p>f) examines relationships among shapes in the physical world and makes generalizations;</p> <p>g) selects appropriate units for measurement, relative to the purpose of the measurement, including square and cubic units;</p> <p>h) accurately predicts and makes reasonable decisions based on data, and</p> <p>i) analyzes a wide variety of patterns, accurately extends the patterns, and clearly describes their rules.</p>	<p>e) effectively uses basic algebraic concepts and represents relationships in ways appropriate to solving problems;</p> <p>f) accurately applies geometric relationships such as congruence and symmetry and makes generalizations;</p> <p>g) accurately performs conversions between units of area and volume;</p> <p>h) makes accurate predictions and decisions based on data, basic probability, and statistics; and</p> <p>i) analyzes mathematical and real life patterns and describes them using graphical, numerical, algebraic, and verbal representations.</p>	<p>e) uses basic algebraic concepts to generate multiple representations of real-world problems and uses appropriate representations to solve problems;</p> <p>f) accurately applies geometric relationships such as congruence and similarity and makes generalizations;</p> <p>g) predicts from the formulas how a change in one dimension of a figure will change it's area or volume;</p> <p>h) makes accurate predications and decisions based on data, basic probability, and statistics; and</p> <p>i) effectively uses multiple representations including tables, graphs, and algebraic equations to investigate patterns and functions.</p>	<p>e) consistently applies algebraic concepts to represent and solve real and theoretical problems;</p> <p>f) applies complex geometric relationships to hypothetical situations;</p> <p>g) applies complex measurement to hypothetical situations and problems;</p> <p>h) consistently makes accurate predictions and decisions based on basic probability and statistics; and</p> <p>i) effectively analyzes and describes functional relationships and patterns and their representations.</p>	<p>e) consistently applies functions, graphs, and algebraic concepts to solve real and theoretical problems;</p> <p>f) applies complex geometric and algebraic relationships to model hypothetical situations;</p> <p>g) applies complex measurement to model hypothetical situations and problems;</p> <p>h) consistently makes accurate and reasonable predictions and decisions based on data, probability, and statistics; and</p> <p>i) effectively and accurately analyzes functions and using graphical, numerical and algebraic methods.</p>	<p>e) skillfully and accurately applies functions, graphs, and algebraic concepts to solve real and theoretical problems;</p> <p>f) applies complex measurement and geometric and algebraic relationships to model a variety of problems and situations;</p> <p>g) applies complex measurement to model a variety of problems and situations;</p> <p>h) designs statistical experiments and makes accurate and reasonable predictions and decisions based on data, probability, and statistics to solve real and theoretical problems; and</p> <p>i) consistently and accurately analyze functions and patterns using graphical, numerical, and algebraic methods and select the appropriate function to model real world phenomena.</p>
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Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 10	Upon Graduation
<u>Proficient</u> a) selects among several problem-solving strategies and technologies and applies them accurately; b) communicates solutions to problems; c) uses whole numbers to add, subtract, multiply, and make estimates; d) selects and solves number sentences that represent simple real-world addition or subtraction situations;	<u>Proficient</u> a) selects and uses appropriate problem-solving strategies and technologies; b) communicates organized solutions to problems; c) uses all four operations of whole numbers to estimate, compute, and determine whether results are accurate; d) applies basic algebra concepts using concrete and symbolic representations and communicates relationships in a variety of ways;	<u>Proficient</u> a) selects and uses appropriate problem-solving strategies and technologies; b) communicates organized solutions to problems; c) uses all four operations of whole numbers, as well as addition and subtraction of decimals, to estimate, compute, and determine whether results are accurate and reasonable; d) applies basic algebraic concepts and communicates different representations of the same relationship;	<u>Proficient</u> a) selects and uses appropriate strategies and technologies in a variety of problems b) communicates organized solutions to problems and provides appropriate support; c) uses all four operations of whole numbers, decimals, and fractions to estimate and compute, and to determine whether results are accurate and reasonable; d) uses basic algebraic concepts and represents relationships in appropriate ways to solve selected problems;	<u>Proficient</u> a) applies appropriate strategies and technologies in a variety of problems; b) communicates organized solutions to problems and provides appropriate support; c) uses rational numbers, proportions, and percents to solve problems; d) uses basic algebraic concepts to generate appropriate relationships to solve real-world problems;	<u>Proficient</u> a) selects and applies mathematical processes and technologies correctly to solve a variety of problems; b) formulates and communicates logical arguments using appropriate mathematical ideas; c) uses rational numbers and proportionality to represent and accurately solve problems; d) uses algebraic concepts and methods to represent and solve real-world problems;	<u>Proficient</u> a) applies mathematical processes and technologies correctly to solve a variety of problems and communicates the results; b) uses reasoning to formulate and communicate logical arguments; c) uses real and complex number systems to solve mathematical problems; d) applies functions, graphs, and algebraic concepts to solve real-world problems;	<u>Proficient</u> a) applies mathematical processes and technologies correctly to solve a variety of problems and communicates the results; b) uses reasoning to formulate and communicate logical arguments and proofs; c) uses real and complex number systems to solve mathematical problems; d) applies functions, graphs, and algebraic concepts to solve real and theoretical problems;

<p>e) identifies two- and three-dimensional shapes</p> <p>f) determines measurable attributes of objects and selects appropriate tools for measurement;</p> <p>g) draws appropriate conclusions based on data; and</p> <p>h) identifies a variety of patterns and the next term in the patterns.</p>	<p>e) identifies and accurately uses relationships among shapes in the physical world;</p> <p>f) determines measurable attributes of objects and selects appropriate tools for measurement;</p> <p>g) predicts and makes appropriate decisions based on data; and</p> <p>h) uses a variety of patterns to describe real-world relationships.</p>	<p>e) identifies and accurately uses relationships among shapes in the physical world;</p> <p>f) selects appropriate units for measurements, including square and cubic units;</p> <p>g) predicts and makes appropriate decisions based on data; and</p> <p>h) analyzes a variety of patterns, and represents their relationships in various ways.</p>	<p>e) applies geometric relationships to solve selected problems;</p> <p>f) performs conversions among basic units within a system of measurement and determines the areas of geometric figures;</p> <p>g) makes reasonable predictions and decisions based on data, basic probability, and statistics; and</p> <p>h) analyzes a variety of patterns, and represents their relationships in various ways.</p>	<p>e) applies geometric relationships such as coordinates and transformations to solve selected problems;</p> <p>f) uses formulas to determine areas and volumes;</p> <p>g) makes reasonable predictions and decisions based on data, probability, and statistics; and</p> <p>h) analyzes and describes patterns and functions using various representations.</p>	<p>e) uses geometric relationships and properties to solve real-world problems;</p> <p>f) uses complex measurement to describe the physical world and solve real-world problems;</p> <p>g) makes reasonable predictions and decisions based on data, basic probability, and statistics; and</p> <p>h) analyzes and describes functional relationships and their representations.</p>	<p>e) applies geometric relationships properties to model a variety of problems and situations;</p> <p>f) applies complex measurement to describe and compare and contrast objects in the physical world and solve real-world problems;</p> <p>g) makes reasonable predictions and decisions based on data, probability, and statistics: and</p> <p>h)analyze functions using graphical, numerical, and algebraic methods.</p>	<p>e) applies geometric and algebraic relationships to model a variety of problems and situations;</p> <p>f) applies complex measurement and appropriately analyzes error of measurement, precision, and accuracy;</p> <p>g) designs simple statistical experiments selecting appropriate samples and makes reasonable predictions and decisions based on data, probability, and statistics: and</p> <p>h) analyzes functions using graphical, numerical, and algebraic methods and select the appropriate function to model real world phenomena.</p>
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Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 10	Upon Graduation
<u>Nearing Proficiency</u> a) sometimes uses appropriate problem-solving strategies and technologies; b) sometimes communicates solutions to problems; c) uses whole numbers to add, subtract, multiply and make estimates with generally reasonable results; d) sometimes recognizes and solves number sentences that represent simple real-world addition or subtraction situations; e) identifies two- and three-dimensional shapes, but with occasional errors;	<u>Nearing Proficiency</u> a) sometimes selects and uses appropriate problem-solving strategies and technologies; b) sometimes communicates organized solutions to problems; c) uses all four operations with whole numbers to estimate and compute with generally reasonable results; d) sometimes applies basic algebraic concepts using concrete and symbolic representations and communicates relationships; e) sometimes identifies and uses relationships among shapes in the physical world;	<u>Nearing Proficiency</u> a) sometimes selects and uses appropriate problem-solving strategies and technologies; b) sometimes communicates organized solutions to problems; c) uses all four operations with whole numbers, as well as addition and subtraction of decimals, to estimate and compute with generally reasonable results; d) sometimes applies basic algebraic concepts and communicates different representations of the same relationship; e) sometimes identifies and uses basic relationships among shapes in the physical world;	<u>Nearing Proficiency</u> a) sometimes selects and uses appropriate strategies and technologies to solve problems b) sometimes communicates organized solutions to problems with limited support; c) uses all four operations of whole numbers, decimals, and fractions to estimate and compute, with occasional errors, particularly with decimals and fractions; d) sometimes uses basic algebraic concepts and represents relationships to solve simple problems; e) sometimes applies geometric relationships to solve simple problems;	<u>Nearing Proficiency</u> a) sometimes applies appropriate strategies and technologies to solve problems; b) sometimes communicates organized solutions to problems with limited support; c) uses rational numbers, proportions, and percents to solve problems, with occasional errors; d) sometimes uses basic algebraic concepts to generate appropriate relationships to solve real-world problems; e) sometimes applies geometric relationships, such as coordinates and transformations, to solve simple problems;	<u>Nearing Proficiency</u> a) applies mathematical processes and technologies correctly to solve problems; b) formulates and communicates arguments occasionally using appropriate mathematical ideas; c) uses rational numbers and proportionality to represent and solve problems, with occasional errors; d) sometimes uses algebraic relationships to solve real-world problems; e) sometimes uses geometric relationships to solve real-world problems;	<u>Nearing Proficiency</u> a) applies mathematical processes and technologies correctly to solve problems and sometimes communicates the results; b) uses reasoning to formulate arguments and with assistance solves simple proofs; c) uses real and complex number systems to solve mathematical problems with occasional errors; d) sometimes applies functions, graphs, and algebraic concepts to solve real-world and theoretical problems; e) sometimes applies geometric and algebraic relationships to model a variety of problems and situations;	<u>Nearing Proficiency</u> a) applies mathematical processes and technologies correctly to solve problems and sometimes communicates the results; b) uses reasoning to formulate arguments and with assistance solves simple proofs; c) uses real and complex number systems to solve mathematical problems with occasional errors; d) sometimes applies functions, graphs, and algebraic concepts to solve real-world and theoretical problems; e) sometimes applies geometric and algebraic relationships to model a variety of problems and situations;

<p>f) determines measurable attributes of objects, but does not always select appropriate tools for measurement;</p> <p>g) reads data from simple graphs and charts and sometimes draws appropriate conclusions; and</p> <p>h) identifies simple patterns and sometimes identifies the next term.</p>	<p>f) determines measurable attributes of objects, but does not always select appropriate tools for measurement;</p> <p>g) sometimes predicts and makes appropriate decisions based on data; and</p> <p>h) uses a limited range of patterns, and sometimes describes relationships within those patterns.</p>	<p>f) sometimes selects appropriate units for measurement including square and cubic units;</p> <p>g) sometimes predicts and makes appropriate decisions based on data; and</p> <p>h) analyzes a limited variety of patterns and represents their relationships.</p>	<p>f) performs conversions among basic units within a system of measurement and sometimes determines the areas of geometric figures, with occasional errors;</p> <p>g) sometimes makes reasonable predictions and decisions based on data, basic probability, and statistics; and</p> <p>h) analyzes a limited variety of patterns and represents their relationships.</p>	<p>f) uses formulas to determine areas and volumes with occasional errors;</p> <p>g) makes reasonable predictions and decisions based on data, probability, and statistics with occasional errors; and</p> <p>h) analyzes and describes patterns and functions using limited representations.</p>	<p>f) uses measurement to describe the physical world and solve real-world problems, with occasional errors;</p> <p>g) makes reasonable predictions and decisions based on data, probability, and statistics, with occasional errors; and</p> <p>h) analyzes and describes simple patterns and functional relationships using limited representations.</p>	<p>f) sometimes applies complex measurement and analyzes error of measurement, precision, and accuracy;</p> <p>g) sometimes makes predictions and decisions based on data, probability, and statistics, with occasional errors; and</p> <p>h) analyzes and describes simple patterns and functional relationships, using limited graphical, numerical, and algebraic methods.</p>	<p>f) sometimes applies complex measurement and analyzes error of measurement, precision, and accuracy;</p> <p>g) designs simple statistical experiments selecting appropriate samples and makes predictions and decisions based on data, probability, and statistics, with occasional errors; and</p> <p>h) analyzes patterns and functions using graphical, numerical, and algebraic methods and sometimes selects the appropriate function to model real-world phenomena.</p>
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Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 10	Upon Graduation
<u>Novice</u> a) uses only a few problem-solving strategies and technologies correctly; b) often communicates only limited information regarding solutions to problems; c) uses whole numbers to add, subtract, multiply and make estimates, but is frequently inaccurate; d) solves some simple number sentences, but has difficulty associating number sentences with real situations; e) identifies few two- and three-dimensional shapes;	<u>Novice</u> a) sometimes selects and uses only a few problem-solving strategies and technologies; b) communicates poorly organized solutions; c) uses all four operations with whole numbers to estimate and compute, but is frequently inaccurate; d) demonstrates some algebraic understanding of concrete and symbolic representations, but often misconceptions are present; e) identifies, models, and classifies some shapes with limited understanding of their relationships;	<u>Novice</u> a) sometimes selects and uses only a few problem-solving strategies and technologies; b) communicates poorly organized solutions; c) uses all four operations with whole numbers, as well as addition and subtraction of decimals, to estimate and compute but is frequently inaccurate; d) demonstrates some understanding of basic algebraic concepts, but often has difficulty explaining or generalizing; e) identifies some basic relationships among shapes in the physical world;	<u>Novice</u> a) demonstrates use of only a few problem-solving strategies and technologies, often implementing them incompletely or incorrectly; b) often communicates incomplete or confused descriptions of solutions; c) uses all four operations with whole numbers, decimals, and fractions to estimate and compute with frequent errors particularly with decimals and fractions; d) uses basic algebraic concepts to represent simple problems, but often with conceptual errors; e) identifies simple examples of geometric relationships such as congruence and symmetry;	<u>Novice</u> a) frequently applies incomplete or incorrect strategies and technologies for problem solving; b) often communicates incomplete or confused descriptions of solutions; c) uses rational numbers, proportions, and percents, with frequent errors; d) sometimes uses basic algebraic concepts to represent simple real-world problems, but has difficulty using representations to solve problems; e) applies geometric relationships, such as coordinates and transformations, often incorrectly, when attempting to solve simple problems;	<u>Novice</u> a) selects and applies only a few mathematical processes and technologies problem solving; b) often formulates and communicates incomplete arguments using appropriate mathematical ideas; c) uses rational numbers and proportionality to represent and solve problems, often with errors; d) sometimes uses basic algebraic concepts, methods, and simple representations to solve simple real-world problem; e) applies geometric relationships and properties, often incorrectly, to solve simple real-world problems;	<u>Novice</u> a) demonstrates limited and incomplete use of mathematical processes and problem-solving strategies; b) often uses limited and incomplete reasoning to formulate arguments and communicate mathematical ideas; c) makes only concrete, mathematical connections; d) sometimes applies algebraic concepts and methods, functions, and graphs to solve real-world problems; e) applies geometric relationships and properties, often incorrectly, to solve simple real-world problems;	<u>Novice</u> a) demonstrates limited and incomplete use of mathematical processes and problem-solving strategies; b) often uses limited and incomplete reasoning to formulate logical arguments and communicate mathematical ideas; c) makes only concrete, mathematical connections; d) sometimes applies algebraic concepts and methods functions, graphs, and to solve real-world problems; e) applies geometric relationships and properties, often incorrectly, to solve real-world problems;

<p>f) determines some measurable attributes of objects, but often does not select appropriate tools for those measurements;</p> <p>g) reads data from simple graphs or charts, often incorrectly; and</p> <p>h) sometimes identifies the next term in simple patterns, often inaccurately.</p>	<p>f) determines some measurable attributes of objects, but often does not select appropriate tools for measurement;</p> <p>g) sometimes predicts, but often makes inappropriate decisions based on data; and</p> <p>h) uses a limited range of patterns and inaccurately describes relationships within those patterns.</p>	<p>f) determines the type of measurement required but often does not select the appropriate units;</p> <p>g) often makes incorrect predictions and decisions based on data; and</p> <p>h) analyzes some simple patterns and sometimes represents their relationships</p>	<p>f) performs only simple conversions among basic units within a system of measurement, and often incorrectly determines the areas of geometric figures;</p> <p>g) often makes inaccurate predictions and decisions based on data, basic probability, and statistics; and</p> <p>h) analyzes simple patterns and represents their relationships, often with errors.</p>	<p>f) uses formulas to determine areas and volumes with frequent errors;</p> <p>g) makes simple predictions and decisions based on data, basic probability, and statistics, often with errors; and</p> <p>h) analyzes simple patterns and functions and describes their relationships, often with errors.</p>	<p>f) uses basic measurement to describe the physical world and solve simple real-world problems, often with errors;</p> <p>g) makes some predictions and decisions based on data, basic probability, and statistics, often with errors; and</p> <p>h) analyzes simple patterns and functions and describes their relationships, often with errors.</p>	<p>f) uses basic measurement to describe the physical world and solve simple real-world problems, often with errors;</p> <p>g) makes some predictions and decisions based on data, but seldom recognizes statistical or probability concepts; and</p> <p>h) analyzes and describes patterns and functional relationships and their representations, often with errors.</p>	<p>f) uses basic measurement to describe the physical world and solve simple real-world problems;</p> <p>g) makes some predictions and decisions based on data, but seldom recognizes statistical or probability concepts; and</p> <p>h) analyzes and describes patterns and functional relationships and their representations, often with errors.</p>
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